

Henry Grow's Families:

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FAMILY GROUP RECORD - OTHER MARRIAGES

02 SEP 1992

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Ancer

HUSBAND: Henry GROW JR. (AFN:1C5K-QF)

WIFE: (1) Mary MOYER (AFN:1C5K-RL)

BORN: 1 Oct 1817

BORN: 28 Apr 1817

OTHER MARRIAGES

LDS ORDINANCE DATA

(2) SPOUSE: Ann ELLIOT (AFN:9VSN-J3)

MAR.: 1 Aug 1837

PLACE: Salt Lake City, S.L., UT

SS: X 9 Jan 1852

SPOUSE: Nancy Ann ELLIOTT (AFN:9GS2-D3)

MAR.: 1 Aug 1837

PLACE: Salt Lake City, Salt Lake, Utah

SS: 9 Jan 1852

(3) SPOUSE: Mary Elizabeth VEACH (AFN:28KF-BV)

MAR.: 20 Dec 1852

PLACE:

SS:

(4) SPOUSE: Ann MIDGLEY (AFN:21CK-7S)

MAR.: 9 Nov 1856 (div)

PLACE: Salt Lake City, S-Lk, UT

SS: X 9 Nov 1856

(5) SPOUSE: Julia Melville VEACH (AFN:1HKW-6K)

MAR.: 17 Apr 1858

PLACE: Salt Lake City, SL, UT

SS: 16 Aug 1858 Po

SPOUSE: Elizabeth VEACH (AFN:BONM-CW)

MAR.:

PLACE:

SS:

SPOUSE: Julia MELVILLE (AFN:BONM-F8)

MAR.:

PLACE:

SS:

(6) SPOUSE: Sarah RAWLINGS (AFN:BONM-GF)

MAR.:

PLACE:

SS:

(7) SPOUSE: Amanda Melvina BAKER (AFN:BONM-HL)

MAR.:

PLACE:

SS:

(8) SPOUSE: Christina MOFFET (AFN:B8CB-7L)

MAR.:

PLACE:

SS:

SPOUSE: Christina MOFFAT (AFN:2TXT-Z4)

MAR.:

PLACE:

SS:

*Must be same person
7-5-00*

Henry Grow's families:

Prior to the construction of the domed Tabernacle known to most Latter-day Saints today, Church members gathered in the "Old" Tabernacle shown here. To the right of it was the North Bowery, which accommodated larger crowds in good weather. Construction on the first Tabernacle began 21 May 1851. The building was completed and dedicated 6 April 1852 by President Willard Richards. It was torn down in 1870 and replaced by the Assembly Hall.

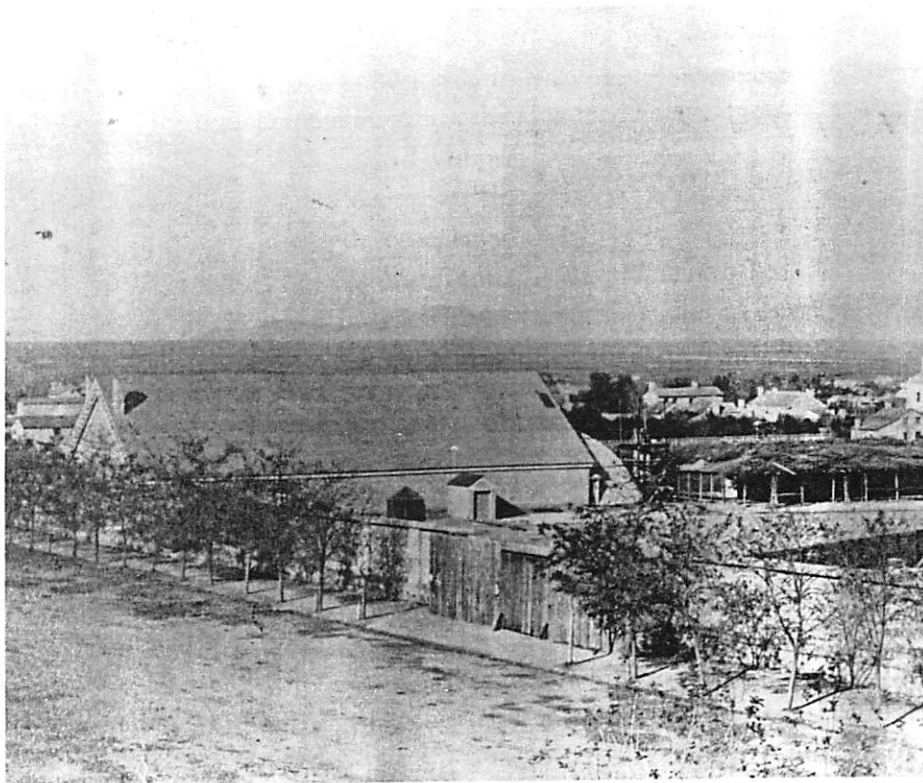


Henry Grow (1817–91), a millwright and bridge builder, joined the Church in 1842. He was responsible for constructing the trusses of the dome of the Tabernacle.



Joseph Harris Ridges (1827–1914), builder of the Tabernacle organ, was born and reared near an organ factory in England. His curiosity about how organs were built proved a blessing to the Church. Brother Ridges was converted to the gospel in Australia in 1850, then came to Utah.

When the Tabernacle opened, the organ was only one third complete. It was finished in 1877 with 2,638 pipes. Through the years the organ has been rebuilt, electrified, and enlarged to 10,814 pipes.



Believing that the Saints could be strengthened spiritually if they had an adequate building where they could be called together and instructed by their leaders, President Young began planning for such a structure. Following several council meetings, a pattern for a great dome-shaped house of worship stamped itself vividly upon the mind of President Young. To make this vision a reality, he called to his office Henry Grow, who was a master mechanic as well as an experienced millwright. Brigham Young had recently watched Elder Grow complete a wooden arch bridge over the Jordan River—a rather unusual structure having no center supports, sustained wholly by fitting together wooden triangles and arches. President Young felt that it was just such a continuous bridge, or set of wooden bridges, that he needed to support the roof of the spacious, dome-shaped edifice that he had in mind.

With the assistance of architect William H. Folsom, President Young and Henry Grow worked out tentative architectural plans for the proposed pioneer Tabernacle, one of the largest buildings of its kind in the world—150 feet wide, 250 feet long, and 80 feet high, on the outside. The most novel part was that the massive ceiling was to be "bridged over," without supporting pillars. Since some Saints doubted and others questioned the feasibility of such a high dome-shaped roof, President Young supervised the construction of a model tabernacle, which answered the Saints' questions. Construction of the Tabernacle commenced during the spring of 1863.

By the fall of 1867 the Tabernacle and its famed organ were completed sufficiently to be used at the October conference. The organ and other inside

Prior to the construction of the domed Tabernacle known to most Latter-day Saints today, Church members gathered in the "Old" Tabernacle shown here. To the right of it was the North Bowery, which accommodated larger crowds in good weather. Construction on the first Tabernacle began 21 May 1851. The building was completed and dedicated 6 April 1852 by President Willard Richards. It was torn down in 1870 and replaced by the Assembly Hall.



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Arta Hazel Lind Grow

PROVO—Arta Hazel Lind Grow, 78, of Provo, died Friday, November 8, 1991 in Provo.

Born October 19, 1913 in Twin Falls, Idaho, daughter of Herman Gustaf and Hazel Aileen Farrell Lind. Married David Spencer Grow August 31, 1936 in the Salt Lake LDS Temple. He preceded her in death.

Survivors include brother, Wyland F. Lind, Boise, Idaho; sister, Helen L. Sullivan, Bountiful; sons, Steven Lind Grow, and David Spencer Grow, both of Provo; daughters, Gina Nelson, San Luis Obispo, Calif.; Linda Burton, Huntsville, Utah. Preceded in death by her husband, three children, sons, Gordon Henry Grow; two daughters, DeeAnn Hazel Grow, and Karen Fae Grow Tuomisto; two brothers, Farris and Marlin Lind.

Funeral services will be held 11:00 a.m., Monday, November 11th, at the Provo 13 Ward LDS Chapel, 945 East 700 North, Provo. Friends may call Sunday evening from 6-8 p.m. at the Berg Mortuary, 185 East Center, Provo, and at the church Monday from 10-10:45 a.m.

Interment, East Lawn Memorial Hills.

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Church History in the Fulness of Times

